

Basis for a topology

From last time:


Defn: X set, \mathcal{T} = collection of subsets of X
then \mathcal{T} gives a topology if

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- (i) X, \emptyset are in \mathcal{T}
 - (ii) Union of any collection of elts of \mathcal{T} is in \mathcal{T}
 - (iii) intersection of any finite collection of elts of \mathcal{T} is in \mathcal{T}

Def: (X, \mathcal{T}) topological space, say $C \subset X$ is
closed if $X - C$ is open (i.e. is in \mathcal{T})
(Finite unions of closed sets are closed)
arbitrary intersections " " " " " ")

In \mathbb{R}^n , we had open balls $D^n(x, r)$ special open set

Def: Let (X, \mathcal{T}) top-space. Say $\mathcal{B} \subset \mathcal{T}$ is
basis for \mathcal{T} if

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- (i) $\forall x \in X, \exists B \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t. $x \in B$
 - (ii) If $x \in B_1, B_2; B_1, B_2 \in \mathcal{B}$,
then $\exists B_3 \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t. $B_3 \subset B_1 \cap B_2$
and $x \in B_3$

Def Suppose $\mathcal{B} \subset X$ satisfies (i), (ii) above,
then the topology generated by \mathcal{B} is
the set \mathcal{T} consisting of all $U \subset X$
 $U = \bigcup_{\alpha} U_{\alpha}$ where each $U_{\alpha} \in \mathcal{B}$



w/ property that $\forall x \in U, \exists B \in \mathcal{B}$
w/ $x \in B, B \subset U$

Claim: \mathcal{T} in above is in fact a topology

Eg: ① $X = \mathbb{R}^n$, $\mathcal{T} =$ open sets in \mathbb{R}^n
 $\mathcal{B} =$ all balls $D^n(x, r)$ $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$
 $r \in \mathbb{R}_+$

② $X = \mathbb{R}^n$, $\mathcal{T} =$ open sets in \mathbb{R}^n
 $\mathcal{B} =$ all balls $D^n(x, r)$ s.t. all coordinates
of x, r are rational.

