

## Math 4530 Homework 9: covering spaces

*Problems worthy of attack prove their worth by fighting back*

- Piet Hein

### Problems:

For the first two questions, please think of  $S^1$  as  $\mathbb{R}/\sim$  where  $x \sim y$  if  $x = y + k$  for some  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Thus, the function  $\Delta$  defined on the previous homework takes integer values.

1. Suppose  $f : S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  is a continuous map. Show that there is a map  $g$  that is homotopic to  $f$ , and with  $g(0) = 0$ . Hint: compose with rotations...
2. (a) Suppose that  $f : S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  satisfies  $\Delta(f) = \Delta(id)$ , where  $id$  is the identity function  $x \mapsto x$ . Show that  $f$  is homotopic to  $id$ . Hint: the previous question might be helpful!  
(b) Suppose that  $g : S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  satisfies  $\Delta(g) = 0$ . Show that  $g$  is homotopic to a constant map.
3. Define a covering map  $S^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^2$  and prove that it is a covering map. What is the degree of the cover?

CHALLENGE/BONUS: (not required to hand in)

Does there exist a degree two covering map  $S^2 \rightarrow S^2$ ? What about degree 3?

4. Let  $Y$  be a topological space that is homeomorphic to the numeral 8. You may take  $Y$  to be the set  $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 = 1 \text{ or } x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 1\}$ .  
Does there exist a covering map from  $Y$  to  $S^1$ ? Either define the map and show it is a cover, or prove that none exists.
5. Suppose that  $\pi : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a covering map. Show that  $\pi$  is necessarily a homeomorphism.